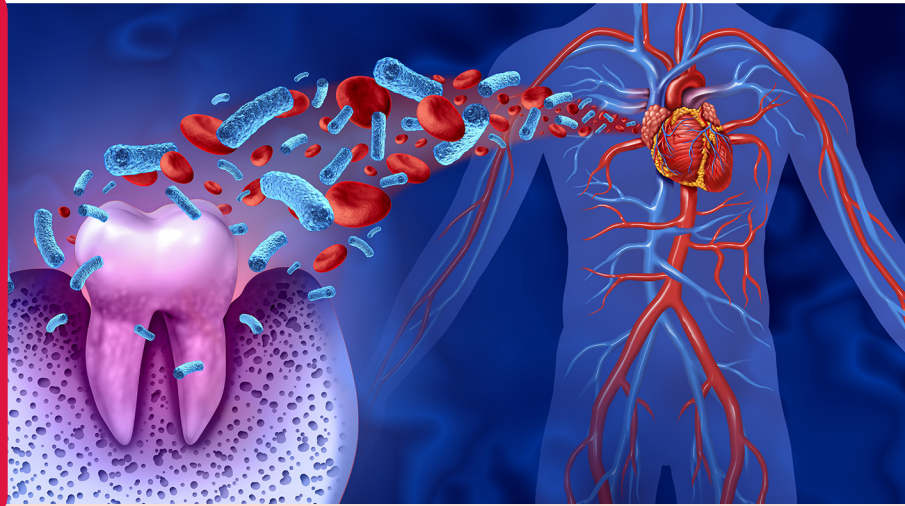




A Healthy Smile Is Good for Your Heart



How does oral health affect heart health?

When your dental hygienist reminds you to brush, floss, and rinse daily, it's not just to protect the health of your teeth. Poor oral hygiene allows harmful bacteria to grow in your mouth. These bacteria cause bad breath, sore, inflamed gums (gingivitis), and tooth and bone loss (periodontitis). They also travel through the bloodstream to other parts of your body. If these bacteria reach your heart, they can cause a serious infection called endocarditis. Bacteria in the bloodstream can also contribute to clogged arteries, which increase your risk for heart attack and stroke.

Signs of poor oral health

- Red, swollen or tender gums
- Bleeding gums while brushing or flossing
- Gums that are separating or receding from the teeth
- Bad breath or a bad taste in your mouth
- Infection, such as pus, in the gums
- Tooth decay
- Loose teeth



Whose heart health is at risk?



Individuals with advanced, chronic gingivitis or periodontitis



Individuals with diagnosed heart disease or a previous stroke

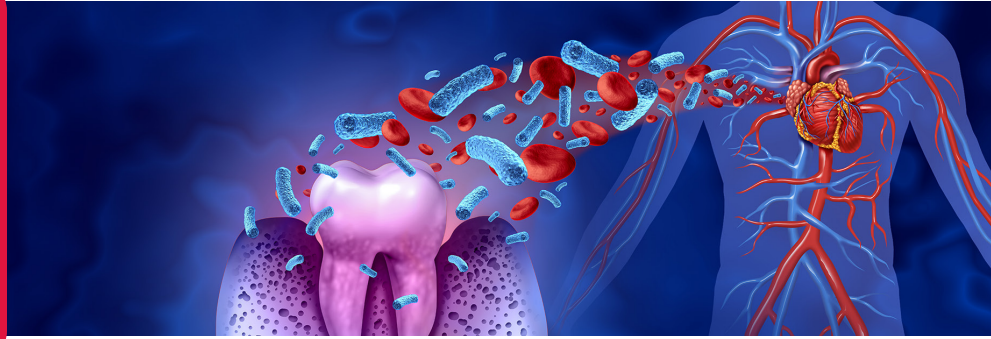


Individuals with high blood pressure, high cholesterol or who are obese



Smokers

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What can you do?

1. Make healthy lifestyle choices



Avoid cigarettes and other tobacco products.



Eat a healthy diet rich in vitamins A, C, and D.



Exercise regularly.

2. Take steps to prevent gingivitis and periodontitis

While researchers have not found a direct connection between gum diseases and heart disease, studies show that people with poor oral health have higher rates of heart problems and stroke. That increased risk—even if it isn't fully understood—is a good reason to develop a daily at-home oral care routine and schedule regular preventive dental hygiene appointments.



Brush twice a day for 2 minutes with a soft toothbrush and fluoride toothpaste. Don't forget to reach the back and the inside surfaces of the teeth, and along the gumline.



Use a power toothbrush, if possible. It removes more bacteria than a manual toothbrush.



Clean between teeth daily with dental floss, a floss aid or an interdental brush.



Rinse your mouth daily with an antibacterial solution. Use an alcohol-free rinse if you have dry mouth.



Keep brushing, cleaning between your teeth, and rinsing daily even if your gums bleed.



Clean your tongue daily using a toothbrush or a tongue scraper.



Visit your oral health professional regularly and remember to tell them about any health conditions and medications you are taking.

Your dental hygienist cares about your oral and heart health.
Now that's something to smile about!

Learn more about oral health at dentalhygienecanada.ca